—AP WIREPHOTO.

REPORTED UNDER ARREST according to unverified reports from Brazil Sunday are former Brazil President Juscelino Kubitschek (left) and former Guanabara Governor Carlos Lacerda. As many as 200 persons have been arrested, reports said, in wake of a clash between the military and the chamber of deputies last week. Tight censorship has been imposed on Brazilian newspapers and broadcasters

Brazilian Arrests Reach 200 Under Martial Law

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Journalists, Political Figures Held

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) — President Arthur da Costa e Silva's government was reported Sunday to have arrested at least 200 persons under a decree that suspended Congress and imposed martial law.

The country was outwardly calm. Thousands spent a hot, sunny day at the beach. But there were reports that the arrests were continuing and the government crisis was far from over.

Other reports said militant students—whose antigovernment activities had worried the military-backed regime in recent months—and opposition politicians had gone into hiding.

The government justified its action Friday by saying subversives were trying to overthrow the government and frustrate its work.

JOURNALISTS ARRESTED

Those reported arrested included some of Brazil's top political journalists as well as prominent political figures both in and out of office. Some accounts said the government would act soon to suspend political rights of opponents.

Jose Sette Camara, editor of the influential Jornal do Brasil and a former U.N. ambassador, was among those reported arrested. The paper suspended publication Saturday night "until conditions of liberty are restored." Its owner, M.F. do Nascimento Brito, was being sought by police.

However it was announced late Sunday that the paper would be on the streets Monday, although it usually does not publish Mondays.

Papers that did publish—including the opposition Correio da Manha—avoided domestic political news. Broadcasting stations were reported under orders not to "alarm the

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population by dwelling on sensational aspects" of the special powers Costa e Silva delt himself Friday night.

The government had issued no communiques since announcing the move that overruled most constitutional rights.

PUBLISHERS MEET

Publishers of Rio newspapers met Saturday with Gen. Cesar Montagna de Souza to discuss procedures for news checking. They refused to apply self-censorship and censors were reported sitting in newspaper offices.

The best known of those reported arrested included ex-President Juscelino Kubitschek and Carlos Lacerda, former governor of Guanabara state. Once bitter enemies, the two joined forces against Costa e Silva about a year ago.

Three state governors also were said to be under arrest: Paulo Pimentel of Parana, Geremias Fonaes of Rio de Janeiro and Pedro Pedrossian of Mato Grosso.

There were reports of shooting Saturday at Catholic University but they could not be confirmed.

An early report said popular singer-composer Chico Buarque de Holland was being held but he put in an appearance Sunday at a beach.

CRISIS BEGINS

The crisis was precipitated by Congress, which displeased the military by rejecting last week, 216-141, its request to lift the parliamentary immunity of Deputy Marcio Moreira Alves so he could be tried on charges of abusing his civil rights by making antimilitary remarks on the Congress floor.

Moreira Alves, 32, apparently has since been arrested.

The government's decree gives Costa e Silva authority to declare a state of siege, order property confiscated and strip individuals of political rights for up to 10 years.

After a coup brought Costa e Silva's military allies to power in 1964, about 700 opponents of the new regime were placed on a purge list. Since then similar lists have been issued periodically during government crises.

The country's major cities showed little sign that a crisis was in progress. In Sao Paulo, state militia troops held a scheduled parade before thin crowds. Some tanks and heavy equipment were reported stationed around military headquarters in Rio, Sao Paulo, Brasilia and various state capitals.

DOZEN QUESTIONED

A Sao Paulo dispatch said that in Santos, where an opposition mayor and a number of councilmen were elected recently, about a dozen persons were picked up for questioning and released.

Accounts pieced together from travelers arriving in New York added to the arrested list political columnists Carlos Castello Branco and Otacylio Lopes, Jordan do Brasil editorial writer Antonio Calado and several Brasilia-based newsmen.

The travelers said several federal deputies—including Helio Navarro of Sao Paulo—has been arrested. Deputy Hermanno Alves, target of proceedings in a Navy court, was said to have sought asylum in the Yugoslav Embassy at Brasilia.

Also detained were associates of Lacerda: publisher Helio Fernandes and former vice-governor Rafael de Almeida, travelers said. One traveler said Lacerda was being held at the barracks of the Guanabara state militia.

One traveler said Osvaldo Peralva, general superintendent of Correio da Manha—was arrested and a printer managed to foil censors by slipping the news in a line of type into another story.